SENTINEL HOLDING
INSTITUT

SHI PRODUCT PASSPORT

Find products. Certify buildings.

SHI Product Passport No.:

12074-10-1000

EASYFRESH

Product group: Interior construction - Paints / Varnishes / Oils / Glaze

Knauf Bauprodukte GmbH & Co. KG
Am Bahnhof 7
97346 Iphofen

Product qualities:

- SHI Product Assessment 2024
- QNG Qualitätssiegel Nachhaltiges Gebäude
- DGNB NEW CONSTRUCTION 2023.2
- DGNB NEW CONSTRUCTION 2023
- DGNB NEW CONSTRUCTION 2018
- BNB-BN NEUBAU V2015
- EU TAXONOMY
- BREEAM DE NEUBAU 2018
- LEED v4.1 (outside US)

CERTIFIED SUSTAINABLE PRODUCT
SHI PRODUCT PASSPORT
SENTINEL HOLDING INSTITUT
www.sentinel-holding.eu

Köttner

Helmut Köttner
Scientific Director
Freiburg, 17 August 2026

SENTINEL HOLDING
INSTITUT

Product:
EASYFRESH

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The SHI Database is the first and only database for construction products whose comprehensive processes and data accuracy are regularly verified by the independent auditing company SGS-TÜV Saar

SGS TÜV SAAR

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SHI Product Assessment 2024

Since 2008, Sentinel Holding Institut GmbH (SHI) has been establishing a unique standard for products that support healthy indoor air. Experts carry out independent product assessments based on clear and transparent criteria. In addition, the independent testing company SGS regularly audits the processes and data accuracy.

Criteria	Product category	Harmful substance limit	Assessment
SHI Product Assessment	Paints and coatings	TVOC ≤ 300 µg/m^3 Formaldehyd ≤ 24 µg/m^3	Indoor Air Quality Certified
Valid untill: 02 October 2027			

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QNG - Qualitätssiegel Nachhaltiges Gebäude

The Qualitätssiegel Nachhaltiges Gebäude (Quality Seal for Sustainable Buildings), developed by the German Federal Ministry for Housing, Urban Development and Building (BMWSB), defines requirements for the ecological, socio-cultural, and economic quality of buildings. The Sentinel Holding Institut evaluates construction products in accordance with QNG requirements for certification and awards the QNG ready label. Compliance with the QNG standard is a prerequisite for eligibility for the KfW funding programme. For certain product groups, the QNG currently has no specific requirements defined. Although classified as not assessment-relevant, these products remain suitable for QNG-certified projects.

Criteria	Pos. / product group	Considered substances	QNG assessment
3.1.3 Schadstoffvermeidung in Baumaterialien	5.5 Interior paints	VOC / Emissions / hazardous substances / biocides / heavy metals	QNG ready
Verification: Herstellererklärung vom 26.05.2025			

Product:
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DGNB New Construction 2023.2

Criteria	No. / Relevant building components / construction materials / surfaces	Considered substances / aspects	Quality level
ENV 1.2 Local environmental impact			Not relevant for assessment

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DGNB New Construction 2023

The DGNB System (German Sustainable Building Council) assesses the sustainability of various types of buildings. It can be applied to both large-scale private and commercial projects as well as smaller residential buildings. The 2023 version sets high standards for ecological, economic, socio-cultural, and functional aspects throughout the entire life cycle of a building.

Criteria	No. / Relevant building components / construction materials / surfaces	Considered substances / aspects	Quality level
ENV 1.2 Local environmental impact, 03.05.2024 (3rd edition)	2 Coatings on predominantly mineral substrates indoors	VOC / SVOC / preservatives	Quality level 4
Verification: Herstellererklärung vom 26.05.2025			

Criteria	Assessment
SOC1.2 Indoor air quality (*)	May positively contribute to the overall building score
Verification: SHI-schadstoffgeprüft	

Criteria	No. / Relevant building components / construction materials / surfaces	Considered substances / aspects	Quality level
ENV 1.2 Local environmental impact, 29.05.2025 (4th edition)	2 Coatings on predominantly mineral substrates indoors and on wallpapers, fleeces, plasterboard, etc.	VOC / SVOC / preservatives	Quality level 4
Verification: Herstellererklärung vom 26.05.2025			

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Product:
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DGNB New Construction 2018

The DGNB System (German Sustainable Building Council) assesses the sustainability of various types of buildings. It can be applied to both large-scale private and commercial projects as well as smaller residential buildings.

Criteria	No. / Relevant building components / construction materials / surfaces	Considered substances / aspects	Quality level
ENV 1.2 Local environmental impact	2 Coatings on predominant-ly mineral interior subsur-faces as well as on wallpaper	VOC / SVOC	Quality level 4
Verification: Herstellererklärung vom 26.05.2025			

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BNB-BN Neubau V2015

The Bewertungssystem Nachhaltiges Bauen (Assessment System for Sustainable Building) is a tool for evaluating public office and administrative buildings, educational facilities, laboratory buildings, and outdoor areas in Germany. The BNB was developed by the former Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Building and Nuclear Safety (BMUB) and is now overseen by the Federal Ministry for Housing, Urban Development and Building (BMWSB).

Criteria	Pos. / product type	Considered substance group	Quality level
1.1.6 Risiken für die lokale Umwelt	ChatGPT: 5 Interior wall/ceiling paints (according to Decopaint Directive, Category A + B)	VOC / hazardous substances / biocides / heavy metals	Quality level 2
Verification: Herstellererklärung vom 26.05.2025			

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EU taxonomy

The EU Taxonomy classifies economic activities and products according to their environmental impact. At the product level, the EU regulation defines clear requirements for harmful substances, formaldehyde and volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The Sentinel Holding Institut GmbH labels qualified products that meet this standard.

Criteria	Product type	Considered substances	Assessment
DNSH - Pollution prevention and control	Paints	Stoffe nach Anlage C, Formaldehyd, Karzinogene VOC Kategorie 1A/1B	compliant
Verification: VOC Emission Attest vom 02.10.2025 und Sicherheitsdatenblatt vom 11.09.2023 (Ausgabedatum).			

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BREEAM DE Neubau 2018

BREEAM (Building Research Establishment Environmental Assessment Methodology) is a UK-based building assessment system that evaluates the sustainability of new constructions, refurbishments, and conversions. Developed by the Building Research Establishment (BRE), the system aims to assess and improve the environmental, economic, and social performance of buildings.

Criteria	Product category	Considered substances	Quality level
Hea 02 Indoor Air Quality	Interior paints and coatings	Emissions: Formaldehyde, TVOC, TSVOC, carcinogens	Exemplary quality
Verification: VOC Emission Attestation vom 02.10.2025.			

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Product:
EASYFRESH

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LEED v4.1

LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) is an internationally recognised building certification system developed by the U.S. Green Building Council. It is one of the most widely used sustainability standards for buildings worldwide and is particularly applied in internationally oriented projects. LEED assesses buildings holistically across categories such as energy efficiency, resource conservation, material selection, indoor environmental quality and site sustainability. Depending on the number of points achieved, projects are awarded one of the certification levels: LEED Certified, Silver, Gold or Platinum.

Criteria	Product category	Considered substances	Assessment
EQ Credit: Low-Emitting Materials	Farben und Lacke	Emissionen: Formaldehyd, VOC, Krebserregende Stoffe, VOC-Gehalt	compliant
Verification: VOC Emission Attestation vom 02.10.2025.			

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Product:
EASYFRESH

SHI Product Passport no.:
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Product labels

In the construction industry, high-quality materials are crucial for a building's indoor air quality and sustainability. Product labels and certificates offer guidance to meet these requirements. However, the evaluation criteria of these labels vary, and it is important to carefully assess them to ensure products align with the specific needs of a construction project.



This product is SHI Indoor Air Quality certified and recommended by Sentinel Holding Institut. Indoor-air-focused construction, renovation, and operation of buildings is made possible by transparent and verifiable criteria thanks to the Sentinel Holding concept.



Products bearing the Sentinel Holding Institute QNG-ready seal are suitable for projects aiming to achieve the "Qualitätssiegel Nachhaltiges Gebäude" (Quality Seal for Sustainable Buildings). QNG-ready products meet the requirements of QNG Appendix Document 3.1.3, “Avoidance of Harmful Substances in Building Materials.” The KfW loan program Climate-Friendly New Construction with QNG may allow for additional funding.



The IBU (“Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.”) is an initiative of building product manufacturers committed to sustainability in construction. It serves as the programme operator for Environmental Product Declarations (EPDs) in accordance with the EN 15804 standard. The IBU EPD programme provides comprehensive life cycle assessments and environmental impact data for construction products, supported by independent third-party verification.

Product:
EASYFRESH

SHI Product Passport no.:
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Legal notices

(*) These criteria apply to the construction project as a whole. While individual products can positively contribute to the overall building score through proper planning, the evaluation is always conducted at the building level. The information was provided entirely by the manufacturer.

Find our criteria here: https://www.sentinel-holding.eu/de/Themenwelten/Pr%C3%BCfkriterien%20f%C3%BCr%20Produkte

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SGS TÜV SAAR

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RENOVIERFARBE - EASYFRESH

Die Farbe, die mehr kann



WOHNGESUNDES BAUEN

TÜVRheinland ZERTIFIZIERT Emissionsgeprüft www.tuv.com ID 1111211649

Anwendungsbereiche:

- **Universell einsetzbar** als **hochwertige Innenraum- und Renovierfarbe**, zum Streichen von bestehenden strukturierten und glatten Untergründen.
- **Ideal für** den **Wohnbereich, Flure, Treppenhäuser, Bäder** (nicht im Spritzwasserbereich, etc.).
- Für **Wand** und **Decke**.
- Einsatzbereich **innen**.

Produkteigenschaften:

- **Mineralisch, atmungsaktives** und **wasserdampfdurchlässiges** Produkt – fördert ein gesundes Wohnklima.
- **Strukturerhaltend** - schlämmt die bestehende Struktur der Oberfläche nicht zu.
- **Gebrauchsfertig.**
- **Lösemittelfrei, emissionsarm, weichmacherfrei, ohne Konservierungsmittel** und **VOC-konform**.
- **Hohe Deckkraft** und **sehr abriebfest**.
- **Einfärbbar** mit *Knauf Compact-Color*.
- **Sehr leicht** zu verarbeiten.
- **Farbton: schneeweiß**
- **Glanzgrad: stumpfmatt**
- **Erfüllt** die Produkteigenschaften nach **DIN EN 13300**

Technische Daten:

Anwendungstechnische Daten

Bindemittel-System:	Mineralisch mit Polymerdispersion
Einsatzbereich:	Innen
Verarbeitungs-/Untergrundtemperatur:	Nicht unter + 5 °C und über +25 °C verarbeiten
Verbrauch pro m²:	Ca. 120 g/m² bei glatten Untergründen bis ca. 230 g/m² bei strukturierten Untergründen
Ergiebigkeit eines 7,5 kg Eimers:	Ca. 32,6 – 62,5 m², je nach Untergrund
Anmischverhältnis:	Gebrauchsfertige Mischung

Trocknungszeit:*	Handtrocken nach ca. 3 Stunden. Durchgetrocknet nach ca. 12 Stunden

**Richtwerte bei +23 °C und 50% relativer Luftfeuchtigkeit*

Materialtechnische Daten

Materialbasis:	Calciumaluminatsulfat, Titandioxid, Kunstharzdispersion, Wasser und Additiven
Lagerfähigkeit:	Mindestens 18 Monate
Lagerbedingungen:	Kühl und trocken. Vor Frost, höheren Temperaturen und direkter Sonnenstrahlung schützen.
Lieferform:	7,5 kg PP-Eimer
Ident.-Nummer/ EAN-Code:	**Knauf Easy-Fresh:** 7,5 kg: **415121 / 4006379080564**

Technische Daten nach DIN EN 13300

Maximale Korngröße:	fein (< 100 µm)
Kontrastverhältnis:	Klasse 2 bei einer Ergiebigkeit von 7 m²/l bzw. 140 ml/m²
Nassabriebsbeständigkeit:	Klasse 2 entspricht scheuerbeständig nach DIN 53778
Farbton:	schneeweiß
Glanzgrad:	stumpfmatt
Dichte:	ca. 1,27 – 1,33 g/cm³

Kennzeichnung gemäß Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1272/2008

Das Produkt ist gemäß CLP-Verordnung eingestuft und gekennzeichnet

Sicherheitshinweise:
P102 - Darf nicht in die Hände von Kindern gelangen.
P260 - Keine Stäube oder Nebel einatmen.
EUH210 - Sicherheitsdatenblatt auf Anfrage erhältlich.
EUH211 - Achtung! Beim Sprühen können gefährliche lungengängige Tröpfchen entstehen. Aerosol oder Nebel nicht einatmen.
GRENZWERTE FÜR DEN VOC-HÖCHSTGEHALT VON FARBEN UND LACKEN.
Produktunterkategorie: a (Typ: Wb): 30 g/l.
VOC-Gehalt: < 0,1 % (< 1 g/L).

Untergrund:

Der Untergrund muss tragfähig, wasserfest, trocken, fest, sauber, staub- und trennmittelfrei sein. Haftungsmindernde Rückstände sind zu entfernen.

Um angrenzende Bauteile zu schützen, sollten diese vorab mit einer geeigneten Folie abgeklebt werden.

Geeignete Untergründe sind z.B.: mineralische Putze (außer Lehmputze), Dekorputze, Gipsputze, Kalk-Zement-Putze, Zementputze, Kalkputze, Gips- und Gipsfaserplatten, festsitzende Tapeten und Farbanstriche auf Dispersions- und Silikatbasis, o.ä.

Grundieren:

Stark saugende Untergründe müssen mit *Knauf Tiefengrund* vorbehandelt werden.

Anmischen:

Knauf Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH ist gebrauchsfertig und wird unverdünnt verarbeitet.

Optionales Einfärben mit *Knauf Compact-Color*:

Knauf Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH kurz aufrühren. Anschließend *Knauf Compact Color* je nach gewünschter Farbintensität einstreuen und ca. 2 Minuten mit einem elektrischen Rührquirl durchrühren, bis keine weißen oder bunten Schlieren mehr erkennbar sind.

Nach dem Durchrühren ca. 5 Minuten ruhen lassen und anschließend nochmals ca. 2 Minuten durchrühren. Dabei gründlich Ecken und Boden abfahren, damit sich die Farbpigmente gleichmäßig und restlos auflösen. Es kann beliebig viel *Knauf Compact-Color* eingerührt werden.

Compact-Color nicht aufteilen! Jeweils volle Verpackungseinheit pro Gebinde *Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH* verwenden.

Eine optimale und schnelle Durchmischung erreicht man mit einem Rührquirl, der das Material von der Oberfläche an den Grund des Gefäßes zieht (z.B. Collomix Turbomixer LX120S).

Verarbeitung:

Knauf *Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH* mit einem elektrischen Rührquirl gründlich aufrühren. Anschließend das Material satt, gleichmäßig und unverdünnt auf den Untergrund auftragen. Dazu für glatte bis leicht strukturierte Untergründe (bis 0,5 mm Korngröße) eine hochwertige Farbwalze (Walzenbreite 18 cm, passend zum Eimer) mit einer Florhöhe von ca. 9 mm benutzen.
Für stärker strukturierte Untergründe (ab 1,0 mm Korngröße) eine Farbwalze mit max. 14 mm Florhöhe (z.B. die *Knauf Auftragswalze)* benutzen, um ein optimales Ergebnis zu erzielen.

Bei längeren Arbeitspausen Deckel schließen. Einmal geöffnetes Gebinde möglichst vollständig verarbeiten.

Ergänzende Hinweise:

- *Um im Farbton gleichmäßige Flächen zu erzielen, Material mit gleicher Chargennummer verwenden.*
- *Knauf Renovierfabe EASYFRESH kann mit Knauf Compact Color eingefärbt werden. Bitte beachten Sie, dass zum Erzielen des Mustertons (Basis 10 kg Knauf EASYPUTZ) bei 7,5 kg EASYFRESH die doppelte Menge Compact Color benötigt wird. Die Farbgebung von Knauf Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH kann sich zum Musterton (Basis 10 kg Knauf EASYPUTZ) minimal unterscheiden, deshalb mit Compact Color eingefärbte Untergründe nur vollflächig überstreichen.*
- *Knauf Compact Color nicht aufteilen.*
- *Jeweils volle Verpackungseinheit pro Gebinde Farbe bzw. System verwenden.*
- *Bei kontrastreichen Untergründen ist unter Umständen ein zweiter Anstrich notwendig.*
- *Werkzeug unmittelbar nach Gebrauch mit reichlich warmem Wasser reinigen.*
- *Hohe Umgebungstemperaturen, Zugluft oder erwärmter Untergrund verkürzen die Verarbeitungszeit*
- *Gerade Abschlüsse erreicht man durch Abkleben mit Klebeband.*
- *Knauf Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH trocknet strahlend weiß aus. Bitte beachten: Knauf Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH erhält erst im Laufe der Trocknung seine strahlend weiße Farbe.*
- *Zu Knauf Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH dürfen keine anderen Materialien außer Knauf Compact-Color gemischt werden.*
- *Knauf Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH ist nicht für die Verarbeitung mit Farbsprühgeräten geeignet.*
- *Arbeitsgeräte nach Gebrauch mit warmem Wasser reinigen.*
- *Nicht haftenden Tapeten entfernen und den Untergrund mit Knauf Tiefengrund behandeln*
- *Weitere Tipps und Anleitungen sowie aktuelle Sicherheitsdatenblätter und Produktinformationen sind auf unseren Internetseiten www.knauf.de/diy erhältlich.*

Raum für Ihre Notizen:

Knauf Bauprodukte GmbH & Co. KG
Postfach 10
D-97343 Iphofen

Knauf-Beratungszentrale:
Technische Auskünfte: 09323/31-1647
Internet: www.knauf.de/diy
E-Mail: info-bauprodukte@knauf.com

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Mit diesem Merkblatt werden alle früheren Merkblätter ungültig.

Iphofen, Februar 2024

Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH

Sicherheitsdatenblatt

gemäß REACH-Verordnung (EG) 1907/2006 einschließlich Änderungsverordnung (EU) 2020/878

Ausgabedatum: 11.09.2023 Überarbeitungsdatum: 11.09.2023 Version: 6.1

ABSCHNITT 1: Bezeichnung des Stoffs beziehungsweise des Gemischs und des Unternehmens

1.1. Produktidentifikator

Produktform : Gemisch

Produktname : Renovierfarbe EASYFRESH

1.2. Relevante identifizierte Verwendungen des Stoffs oder Gemischs und Verwendungen, von denen abgeraten wird

1.2.1. Relevante identifizierte Verwendungen

Hauptverwendungskategorie : Verwendung durch Verbraucher,Gewerbliche Nutzung

Verwendung des Stoffs/des Gemischs : Farbe

1.2.2. Verwendungen, von denen abgeraten wird

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

1.3. Einzelheiten zum Lieferanten, der das Sicherheitsdatenblatt bereitstellt

Hersteller
Knauf Bauprodukte GmbH & Co. KG
Am Bahnhof 7
97346 Iphofen - Deutschland
T 09323 / 31-0
sds-info@knauf.com - www.knauf.de/diy

Technische Auskunft
Technischer Auskunft-Service Knauf Bauprodukte
T +49 (0) 9323/31-1647
pcs.bp@knauf.com

1.4. Notrufnummer

Land	Organisation/Firma	Anschrift	Notrufnummer	Anmerkung
Deutschland	Giftnotruf der Charité - Universitätsmedizin Berlin CBF, Haus VIII (Wirtschaftgebäude), UG	Hindenburgdamm 30 12203	+49 (0) 30 19240	

ABSCHNITT 2: Mögliche Gefahren

2.1. Einstufung des Stoffs oder Gemischs

Einstufung gemäß Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 [CLP]gemäß REACH-Verordnung (EG) 1907/2006 einschließlich Änderungsverordnung (EU) 2020/878

Nicht eingestuft

Schädliche physikalisch-chemische, gesundheitliche und Umwelt-Wirkungen

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

2.2. Kennzeichnungselemente

Kennzeichnung gemäß Verordnung (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 [CLP] Zusätzliche KennzeichnungZusätzlich anzugebende Einstufung(en)

EUH Sätze : EUH211 - Achtung! Beim Sprühen können gefährliche lungengängige Tröpfchen entstehen. Aerosol oder Nebel nicht einatmen.

Zusätzliche Sätze : GRENZWERTE FÜR DEN VOC-HÖCHSTGEHALT VON FARBEN UND LACKEN.
Produktunterkategorie: a (Typ: Wb): 30 g/l
VOC-Gehalt: < 0,1 % (< 1 g/L)

Kennzeichnung gemäß Richtlinie 67/548/EWG bzw. 1999/45/EG

2.3. Sonstige Gefahren

Enthält keine PBT/vPvB-Stoffe ≥ 0,1%, bewertet gemäß REACH Anhang XIII

ABSCHNITT 3: Zusammensetzung/Angaben zu Bestandteilen

3.1. Stoffe

Nicht anwendbar

3.2. Gemische

Dieses Gemisch enthält keine anzeigepflichtigen Substanzen gemäß den Kriterien aus 3.2 des Anhangs II der REACH-Verordnung

ABSCHNITT 4: Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen

4.1. Beschreibung der Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen

Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen nach Einatmen : Die Person an die frische Luft bringen und für ungehinderte Atmung sorgen.

Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen nach Hautkontakt : Haut mit viel Wasser abwaschen.

Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen nach Augenkontakt : Augen vorsorglich mit Wasser ausspülen. Ärztlichen Rat einholen/ärztliche Hilfe hinzuziehen.

Erste-Hilfe-Maßnahmen nach Verschlucken : Bei Unwohlsein Giftinformationszentrum oder Arzt anrufen. Den Mund mit Wasser ausspülen.

4.2. Wichtigste akute und verzögert auftretende Symptome und Wirkungen

4.3. Hinweise auf ärztliche Soforthilfe oder Spezialbehandlung

Symptomatisch behandeln.

ABSCHNITT 5: Maßnahmen zur Brandbekämpfung

5.1. Löschmittel

Geeignete Löschmittel : Wassersprühstrahl. Trockenlöschpulver. Schaum.

5.2. Besondere vom Stoff oder Gemisch ausgehende Gefahren

Gefährliche Zerfallsprodukte im Brandfall : Mögliche Freisetzung giftiger Rauchgase.

5.3. Hinweise für die Brandbekämpfung

Schutz bei der Brandbekämpfung : Nicht versuchen ohne geeignete Schutzausrüstung tätig zu werden. Umgebungsluft-unabhängiges Atemschutzgerät. Vollständige Schutzkleidung.

ABSCHNITT 6: Maßnahmen bei unbeabsichtigter Freisetzung

6.1. Personenbezogene Vorsichtsmaßnahmen, Schutzausrüstungen und in Notfällen anzuwendende Verfahren

6.1.1. Nicht für Notfälle geschultes Personal

Notfallmaßnahmen : Verunreinigten Bereich lüften.

6.1.2. Einsatzkräfte

Schutzausrüstung : Nicht versuchen ohne geeignete Schutzausrüstung tätig zu werden. Weitere Angaben: siehe Abschnitt 8 "Begrenzung und Überwachung der Exposition/Persönliche Schutzausrüstung".

6.2. Umweltschutzmaßnahmen

Freisetzung in die Umwelt vermeiden.

6.3. Methoden und Material für Rückhaltung und Reinigung

Reinigungsverfahren : Verschüttete Flüssigkeit mit Absorptionsmittel aufnehmen.

Sonstige Angaben : Stoffe oder Restmengen in fester Form einer zugelassenen Anlage zuführen.

6.4. Verweis auf andere Abschnitte

Weitere Angaben siehe Abschnitt 13.

ABSCHNITT 7: Handhabung und Lagerung

7.1. Schutzmaßnahmen zur sicheren Handhabung

Schutzmaßnahmen zur sicheren Handhabung : Für eine gute Belüftung des Arbeitsplatzes sorgen. Persönliche Schutzausrüstung tragen. Beim Versprühen Einatmen des Aerosols vermeiden. Bereich gründlich lüften. Unbefugten Personen den Zutritt verwehren.

Hygienemaßnahmen : Bei Gebrauch nicht essen, trinken oder rauchen. Nach Handhabung des Produkts immer die Hände waschen.

7.2. Bedingungen zur sicheren Lagerung unter Berücksichtigung von Unverträglichkeiten

Lagerbedingungen : An einem gut belüfteten Ort aufbewahren. Kühl halten.

Wärme- oder Zündquellen : PRODUKT FERNHALTEN VON: Wärmequellen. Zündquellen.

7.3. Spezifische Endanwendungen

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

ABSCHNITT 8: Begrenzung und Überwachung der Exposition/Persönliche Schutzausrüstungen

8.1. Zu überwachende Parameter

8.2. Begrenzung und Überwachung der Exposition

Geeignete technische Steuerungseinrichtungen:

Für eine gute Belüftung des Arbeitsplatzes sorgen.

Handschutz:

Schutzhandschuhe

Typ	Material	Permeation	Dicke (mm)	Durchdringung	Norm
Undurchlässige Schutzhandschuhe	Nitrilkautschuk (NBR)				

Augenschutz:

Typ	Einsatzbereich	Kennzeichnungen	Norm
Schutzbrille mit Seitenschutz	Spritzschutzbrille tragen, wenn Augenkontakt durch Verspritzen möglich ist		
Bei Staubentwicklung: dichtschließende Schutzbrille			

Haut- und Körperschutz:

Bei der Arbeit geeignete Schutzkleidung tragen

Atemschutz:

Bei unzureichender Belüftung geeignete Atemschutzausrüstung tragen. Bei Einwirkungen von Dämpfen, Stäuben und Aerosolen ist Atemschutz zu verwenden. Beim Versprühen geeignete Atemschutzausrüstung tragen



Begrenzung und Überwachung der Umweltexposition:

Freisetzung in die Umwelt vermeiden.

Begrenzung und Überwachung der Verbraucherexposition:

Bei Tätigkeiten mit starker Dispersion, die zu einem erheblichen Aerosol-oder Dampf-Ausstoß führen könnten, z.B. durch Sprühen, sind sonstige Schutzmaßnahmen wie die Abtrennung der Tätigkeit, die Personalminimierung, das Tragen von Atemschutzgeräten, flüssigkeitsabweisenden Schutzanzügen und eines Gesichtsschutzes vorzusehen.

ABSCHNITT 9: Physikalische und chemische Eigenschaften

9.1. Angaben zu den grundlegenden physikalischen und chemischen Eigenschaften

Aggregatzustand	:	Flüssig
Farbe	:	Verschiedene Farben.
Geruch	:	Schwacher Geruch. Charakteristisch.
Geruchsschwelle	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
pH-Wert	:	≈ 11
Relative Verdampfungsgeschwindigkeit (Butylacetat=1)	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Schmelzpunkt	:	0 °C Wasser
Gefrierpunkt	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Siedepunkt	:	100 °C Wasser

Flammpunkt	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Zündtemperatur	:	Nicht selbstentzündlich
Zersetzungstemperatur	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Entzündbarkeit	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Dampfdruck	:	23 hPa (20 °C)
Relative Dampfdichte bei 20°C	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Relative Dichte	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Dichte	:	1,3 g/cm³ (20 °C)
Löslichkeit	:	Wasser: vollkommen mischbar
Verteilungskoeffizient n-Oktanol/Wasser (Log Pow)	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Viskosität, kinematisch	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Viskosität, dynamisch	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Explosive Eigenschaften	:	Das Produkt ist nicht explosionsgefährlich.
Brandfördernde Eigenschaften	:	Keine Daten verfügbar
Explosionsgrenzen	:	Keine Daten verfügbar

9.2. Sonstige Angaben

VOC-Gehalt	:	< 0,1 % (< 1 g/L)

ABSCHNITT 10: Stabilität und Reaktivität

10.1. Reaktivität

Das Produkt ist nicht reaktiv unter normalen Gebrauchs-, Lagerungs- und Transportbedingungen.

10.2. Chemische Stabilität

Stabil unter normalen Bedingungen.

10.3. Möglichkeit gefährlicher Reaktionen

Unter normalen Verwendungsbedingungen sind keine gefährlichen Reaktionen bekannt.

10.4. Zu vermeidende Bedingungen

Keine unter den empfohlenen Lagerungs- und Handhabungsbedingungen (siehe Abschnitt 7).

10.5. Unverträgliche Materialien

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

10.6. Gefährliche Zersetzungsprodukte

Unter normalen Lager- und Anwendungsbedingungen sollten keine gefährlichen Zersetzungsprodukte gebildet werden.

ABSCHNITT 11: Toxikologische Angaben

11.1. Angaben zu toxikologischen Wirkungen

Akute Toxizität	:	Nicht eingestuft
Ätz-/Reizwirkung auf die Haut	:	Nicht eingestuft pH-Wert: ≈ 11
Schwere Augenschädigung/-reizung	:	Nicht eingestuft pH-Wert: ≈ 11
Sensibilisierung der Atemwege/Haut	:	Nicht eingestuft
Keimzellmutagenität	:	Nicht eingestuft
Karzinogenität	:	Nicht eingestuft
Reproduktionstoxizität	:	Nicht eingestuft
Spezifische Zielorgan-Toxizität bei einmaliger Exposition	:	Nicht eingestuft
Spezifische Zielorgan-Toxizität bei wiederholter Exposition	:	Nicht eingestuft
Aspirationsgefahr	:	Nicht eingestuft

ABSCHNITT 12: Umweltbezogene Angaben

12.1. Toxizität

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

12.2. Persistenz und Abbaubarkeit

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

12.3. Bioakkumulationspotenzial

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

12.4. Mobilität im Boden

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

12.5. Ergebnisse der PBT- und vPvB-Beurteilung

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

12.6. Andere schädliche Wirkungen

ABSCHNITT 13: Hinweise zur Entsorgung

13.1. Verfahren der Abfallbehandlung

Verfahren der Abfallbehandlung : Inhalt/Behälter gemäß den Sortieranweisungen des zugelassenen Einsammlers entsorgen. Ausgehärtete Produktrückstände möglichst staubfrei handhaben.

ABSCHNITT 14: Angaben zum Transport

Gemäß ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN-Nummer				
Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar
14.2. Ordnungsgemäße UN-Versandbezeichnung				
Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar
14.3. Transportgefahrenklassen				
Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar
Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar
14.4. Verpackungsgruppe				
Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar
14.5. Umweltgefahren				
Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar	Nicht anwendbar
Keine zusätzlichen Informationen verfügbar				

14.6. Besondere Vorsichtsmaßnahmen für den Verwender

- Landtransport
Nicht anwendbar

- Seeschiffstransport
Nicht anwendbar

- Lufttransport
Nicht anwendbar

- Binnenschiffstransport
Nicht anwendbar

- Bahntransport
Nicht anwendbar

14.7. Massengutbeförderung gemäß Anhang II des MARPOL-Übereinkommens und gemäß IBC-Code

ABSCHNITT 15: Rechtsvorschriften

15.1. Vorschriften zu Sicherheit, Gesundheits- und Umweltschutz/spezifische Rechtsvorschriften für den Stoff oder das Gemisch

15.1.1. EU-Verordnungen

Enthält keine Stoffe, die im REACH-Anhang XVII (Beschränkungsbedingungen) gelistet sind
Enthält keine Stoffe, die auf der REACH-Kandidatenliste gelistet sind
Enthält keine Stoffe, die im REACH-Anhang XIV (Zulassungsliste) gelistet sind

VOC-Gehalt : < 0,1 % (< 1 g/L)

15.1.2. Nationale Vorschriften

Deutschland

Rechtlicher Bezug : WGK 1, Schwach wassergefährdend (Einstufung nach AwSV, Anlage 1)
Lagerklasse (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 12 - Nicht brennbare Flüssigkeiten
Störfall-Verordnung (12. BImSchV) : Unterliegt nicht der 12. BImSchV (Bundes-Immissionsschutzverordnung) (Störfall-Verordnung)
GISCODE : BSW10 - Beschichtungsstoffe, wasserbasiert, konservierungsmittelarm

15.2. Stoffsicherheitsbeurteilung

Keine weiteren Informationen verfügbar

ABSCHNITT 16: Sonstige Angaben

Dieses Sicherheitsdatenblatt ersetzt die vorherige Version vom 18.11.2021. Folgende Änderungen wurden durchgeführt:

Änderungshinweise:

Abschnitt	Geändertes Element	Modifikation	Anmerkungen
	Regulatorischer Rahmen	Geändert	
2.2	EUH Sätze	Geändert	
3	Zusammensetzung/Angaben zu Bestandteilen	Geändert	

Vollständiger Wortlaut der H- und EUH-Sätze:

EUH211	Achtung! Beim Sprühen können gefährliche lungengängige Tröpfchen entstehen. Aerosol oder Nebel nicht einatmen.

KNAUF SDS EU (REACH Annex II)

Diese Informationen basieren auf unserem aktuellen Wissen und sollen das Produkt nur im Hinblick auf Gesundheit, Sicherheit und Umweltbedingungen beschreiben. Sie dürfen also nicht als Garantie für spezifische Eigenschaften des Produktes ausgelegt werden.

Knauf Bauprodukte GmbH & Co.KG · Am Bahnhof 7 · 97346 Iphofen

Sentinel Holding Institut GmbH
Natalie Szczyglowski
Bötzinger Straße 38
79111 Freiburg i. Br.

Produktmanagement

Daniel Vieregge
daniel.vieregge@knauf.com

Betreff:
Renovierfarbe Knauf EASYFRESH

26.05.2025

Sehr geehrte Frau Szczyglowski,

Vielen Dank für Ihr Interesse an unserem Produkt Knauf EASYFRESH.

Knauf EASYFRESH ist als lösemittelfrei, formaldehydfrei, weichmacherfrei und konservierungsmittelfrei nach VdL-RL 01 eingestuft.

Bei Rückfragen stehen wir Ihnen jederzeit gerne zur Verfügung.

Mit freundlichen Grüßen

Knauf Bauprodukte GmbH & Co. KG
Produktmanagement

Mit freundlichen Grüßen



i.A. Daniel Vieregge
Produktmanager Trockenbau



gültig bis
07.06.2027

EPD-DBC-20220146-IBF1-EN

Dispersionsfarben

Deklarierte Produkte

- *EasyFresh*
- *Trockenbaufarbe*
- *Raumklimafarbe E.L.F.*

www.knauf.com

Build on us.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per *ISO 14025* and *EN 15804+A2*

Owner of the Declaration	DBC, EFCC, FEICA, IVK
Programme holder	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Publisher	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Declaration number	EPD-DBC-20220146-IBF1-EN
Issue date	08.06.2022
Valid to	07.06.2027

Dispersion-based products, group 1

DBC - Deutsche Bauchemie e.V.

EFCC - European Federation for Construction Chemicals

FEICA - Association of the European Adhesive and Sealant Industry

IVK - Industrieverband Klebstoffe e.V.

Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.

www.ibu-epd.com | https://epd-online.com

ECO PLATFORM EPD VERIFIED



1. General Information

DBC - Deutsche Bauchemie e.V.
EFCC - European Federation for Construction Chemicals
FEICA - Association of the European Adhesive and Sealant Industry
IVK - Industrieverband Klebstoffe e.V.

Dispersion-based products, group 1

Programme holder
IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.
Hegelplatz 1
10117 Berlin
Germany

Owner of the declaration
DBC, Mainzer Landstr. 55, D-60329 Frankfurt a.M.
EFCC, 172 Boulevard du Triomphe, B-1160 Brussels
FEICA, Rue Belliard 40, B-1040 Brussels
IVK, Völklingerstr. 4, D-40219 Düsseldorf

Declaration number
EPD-DBC-20220146-IBF1-EN

Declared product / declared unit
1 kg / 1 kg; density 1,000 - 1,500 kg/m³

This declaration is based on the product category rules:
Dispersion adhesives and primers for floor coverings, 01.2019
(PCR checked and approved by the SVR)

Scope:
This verified EPD entitles the holder to bear the symbol of the Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. It exclusively applies to products produced in Europe and applies to a period of five years from the date of issue. This EPD may be used by members of DBC, EFCC, FEICA and IVK and their members provided it has been proven that the respective product can be represented by this EPD. For this purpose, a guideline is available at the secretariats of the four associations. The members of the associations are listed on their respective websites.

Issue date
08.06.2022

Valid to
07.06.2027

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

The EPD was created according to the specifications of *EN 15804+A2*. In the following, the standard will be simplified as *EN 15804*.

Verification

The standard *EN 15804* serves as the core PCR
Independent verification of the declaration and data according to *ISO 14025:2011*
☐ internally ☒ externally

Dipl. Ing. Hans Peters
(chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Dr. Alexander Röder
(Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.))

Matthias Schulz
(Independent verifier)

2. Product

2.1 Product description/Product definition

This EPD comprises dispersion-based products with a Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) content ≤1 % (VOC definition according to *Decopaint Directive*). The products typically consist of organic binding agents based on synthetic and/or natural resins, mineral fillers such as chalk as well as water and smaller volumes of auxiliaries (thickening agents, defoaming agents, surface-active agents, preservatives etc.). They dry physically through evaporation of the water contained therein. They comply with manifold, often specific, functions in the construction, furnishing and repair of buildings. Using dispersion-based products decisively improves the fitness for use of structures and extends their life expectancy. The product displaying the highest environmental impacts within the class of dispersion-based products considered was used as a representative product for calculating the Life Cycle Assessment results (worst-case approach).

For the placing on the market in the European Union/European Free Trade Association (EU/EFTA) with the exception of Switzerland) products falling under the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 (*CPR*) need a Declaration of Performance taking into consideration either the relevant harmonised European standard or

the European Technical Assessment and the CE marking. For the application and use of the products the respective national provisions apply.

2.2 Application

Dispersion-based products are used for the following applications:

Module 1: Dispersion adhesives, fixatives, precoatings and primers for floor coverings and parquet flooring
Adhesives for, e.g. tufted carpets with various backings, woven textile coverings, fibre-bonded and natural fibre coverings, resilient coverings (PVC, rubber, PVC-free luxury vinyl tiles), linoleum, insulating bases and underlays, parquet, laminate and wood blocks on surfaces ready for laying. The products are suitable for normal wear in residential and commercial areas, also on heated floor constructions.

Module 2: Dispersion-based tile adhesive
Products for bonding ceramic tiles and paving as well as natural stone for internal and external installations on walls, floors and ceilings

Module 3: Dispersion-based adhesives and sealants
As structural adhesives and sealants: ·structural and repair adhesives, dispersion filler compounds, joint sealants

Module 4: Dispersion-based products for waterproofing of buildings
Products for waterproofing floors and/or walls in wet rooms inside buildings

Module 5: Dispersion-based primers and bonding agents for concrete and floor screeds
Products to improve the adhesion of e.g. self-levelling compounds or repair mortars on absorbent cement and calcium sulphate screeds, concrete, dry construction boards

Module 6: Dispersion-based products for surface protection of concrete
To increase the durability of concrete and reinforced steel structures as well as for new concrete and for maintenance and repair work (for areas without vehicle traffic)

Module 7: Dispersion-based primers and barrier coatings
Products to protect a substrate from e.g. the immersion of water, thus preventing degradation, corrosion or damage

2.3 Technical Data

The density of the products is between 1,00 and 1,50 g/cm³, other relevant technical data can be found in the manufacturer’s technical documentation.

Module 1: Dispersion adhesives, fixatives, precoatings and primers for floor coverings and parquet flooring
Dispersion adhesives for floor coverings have to comply with the requirements of the *EN ISO 22636*. The mechanical requirements of *EN ISO 22636* don’t apply to fixatives; their strengths are lower in accordance with their specifications. The performance characteristics of precoatings and primers are subject to the manufacturer's technical documentation/declaration of performance. Dispersion adhesives for parquet: The test procedures and requirements of the *EN ISO 17178* have to be fulfilled.

Module 2: Dispersion-based tile adhesive
The requirements on essential characteristics according to *EN 12004*, must be maintained. These are:
Tensile adhesion strength after dry storage (*EN 12004-2*)
-Tensile adhesion strength after water immersion (*EN 12004-2*)
-Tensile adhesion strength after heat ageing (*EN 12004*)
-Tensile adhesion strength after freeze/thaw cycles (*EN 12004-2*)
-Open time: Tensile strength (*EN 12004-2*)
Further essential characteristics in accordance with the manufacturer's technical documentation

Module 3: Dispersion-based adhesives and sealants
Performance characteristics in accordance with the manufacturer's technical documentation/declaration of performance

Module 4: Dispersion-based products for waterproofing of buildings
The minimum requirement of *EAD 030352-00-0503* - Liquid applied watertight covering kits for wet room floors and/or walls- must be maintained. The essential characteristics are to be specified in accordance with the European technical assessment (ETA, specification no.).

Module 5: Dispersion-based primers and bonding agents for concrete and floor screeds
Performance characteristics in accordance with the manufacturer's technical documentation

Module 6: Dispersion-based products for surface protection of concrete
The requirements on essential characteristics for all intended uses in accordance with *EN 1504-2*, Tables 1 and 5, must be maintained. These are:
- Permeability to CO_2 (*EN 1062-6*)
- Water vapour permeability (*EN ISO 7783-1/-2*)
- Capillary absorption and permeability to water (*EN 1062-3*)
- Adhesion strength by pull-off test (*EN 1542*)

Further essential characteristics in accordance with the manufacturer's technical documentation/declaration of performance

Module 7: Dispersion-based primers and barrier coatings
The requirements of the *Decopaint Directive* must be maintained.
Essential characteristics in accordance with the manufacturer's technical documentation/declaration of performance.

2.4 Delivery status

Liquid or pasty in containers made of plastic or metal. Typical container sizes contain 1 to 30 kg, usually 10 to 20 kg of product on pallets. For larger applications,

vats with approx. volumes of 200 kg (litres) or IBCs (intermediate bulk containers) with a capacity of 1 tonne (m³) or more are also used. A plastic container was modelled for the Life Cycle Assessment.

2.5 Base materials/Ancillary materials

Dispersion-based products usually comprise at least one synthetic resin dispersion, natural or synthetic resins dispersed in water, mineral fillers (e.g. chalk) and/or pigments. Auxiliaries such as thickening agents, defoaming agents, surface-active and dispersing agents as well as preservatives are used to fine-tune the product features. **Typically**, the products covered by this EPD contain the following range of base materials and auxiliaries (% by mass):

- Synthetic polymer dispersion (solids portion): 5 - 65
- Natural resins, natural resin derivatives: 0 - 25
- Mineral fillers: 0 - 60
- Pigments: 0 - 35
- Water: 15 - 95
- Auxiliaries: 1 - 5
- Thickening agents: < 3
- Dispersing agents/Emulsifying agents: < 2
- Wetting agent: 2
- Other: 0 - 2
- VOC according to *Decopaint Directive*: <1 % **(mandatory)**

These ranges are average values and the composition of products complying with the EPD can deviate from these concentration levels in individual cases. More detailed information is available in the respective manufacturer's documentation (e.g. product data sheets).

Note: For companies to declare their products within the scope of this EPD it is not sufficient to simply comply with the product composition shown above. The application of this EPD is only possible for member companies of DBC, EFCC, FEICA, and IVK member associations and only for specific formulations with a total score below the declared maximum score for a product group according to the associated guidance document.

1. substances from the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation" (SVHC)

If this product contains substances listed in the *candidate list* (latest version) exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass, the relevant information can be found in the safety data sheet of the relevant product covered by this model EPD.

2. CMR substances in categories 1A and 1B

If this product contains other carcinogenic, mutagenic, reprotoxic (CMR) substances in categories 1A or 1B which are not on the *candidate list*, exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass, the relevant information can be found in the safety data sheet of the relevant product covered by this model EPD.

3. Biocide products added to the construction product

If this construction product contains biocide products, the active substances, information on the concentration and/or concentration range, the product type together with information on their hazardous properties are listed in the safety data sheet of the respective product.

2.6 Manufacture

Dispersion-based products are usually mixed discontinuously in batch mode, i.e. in individual batches or a series of individual batches, and filled into the delivery containers.

2.7 Environment and health during manufacturing

As a general rule, no particular environmental or health protection measures other than those specified by law are necessary.

2.8 Product processing/Installation

Dispersion based products are processed on site using suitable tools, usually by hand. The products are applied by trowelling/knife-coating, painting, rolling or spraying. Precautions for safe handling and storage (e.g. air exchange, exhaust ventilation, personal protective measures, conditions for safe storage) must be observed in accordance with the information on the safety data sheet.

Depending on the application and product specifications, between 50 and 1,500 g/m² are applied.

2.9 Packaging

A detailed description of packaging is provided in section 2.4. Empty containers and clean foils can be recycled.

2.10 Condition of use

During the use phase, dispersion-based products are existent as hardened film. They are long-lasting products which protect our buildings in the form of adhesives, primers, coatings or sealants as well as make an essential contribution towards their appearance, function and sustainability.

2.11 Environment and health during use

Option 1 – Products for applications outside indoor areas with permanent stays by people

No risks are known for water, air and soil if the products are used as designated.

Option 2 – Products for applications inside indoor areas with permanent stays by people

When used in indoor areas with permanent stays by people, evidence of the emission performance of construction products in contact with indoor air must be submitted according to national requirements (see chapter 7). No further influences by emissions on the environment and health are known.

2.12 Reference service life

Dispersion-based products fulfill manifold, often specific, functions in the construction or refurbishment of building structures. They decisively improve the usability of building structures and significantly extend their original service lives. The anticipated reference service life depends on the specific installation situation and the exposure associated with the product. It can be influenced by weathering as well as mechanical or chemical load.

2.13 Extraordinary effects

Fire

In terms of the volumes applied, dispersion based products have no or only a marginal influence on the fire performance characteristics of the building structure in which they have been installed.

Water
Dispersion-based products are water-resistant only to a certain degree and their strength can deteriorate when exposed to water for longer periods (of time); detaching from the surface is possible in a worst-case scenario. The components of dispersion-based products are not hazardous to water or only slightly hazardous to water. Owing to the overall low volumes of dispersion-based products used on buildings, no relevant contribution towards environmental damage can be anticipated by buildings featuring dispersion-based products in the event of extraordinary exposure to water.

Mechanical destruction
The mechanical destruction of dispersion-based products does not lead to any decomposition products which are harmful to the environment or health.

2.14 Re-use phase
According to present knowledge, no environmentally hazardous effects in terms of landfilling are to be generally anticipated through dismantling and recycling components to which dispersion-based products have been applied and on which they have dried.

2.15 Disposal
The low amounts of a dispersion-based product applied to a construction product will not interfere with the disposal/recycling of this.
Hardened product residue mechanically removed from substrates must be disposed of as commercial/construction waste. The following waste codes according to the European List of Waste (*2000/532/EC*) can apply:
Hardened product residue:
080112 Paint and varnish waste with the exception of that covered by 08 01 11
080410 Adhesive and sealant compound waste with the exception of that covered by 08 04 09

2.16 Further information
More information is available on the manufacturer's product or safety data sheets and is available on the manufacturer's websites or on request. Valuable technical information is also available on the associations' websites.

3. LCA: Calculation rules

3.1 Declared Unit
This EPD refers to the declared unit of 1 kg of dispersion-based product, group 1; applied into the building with a density of 1,000 - 1,500 kg/m³ in accordance with the *IBU PCR* part B for dispersion adhesives and primers for floor coverings.
The results of the Life Cycle Assessment provided in this declaration have been selected from the product with the highest environmental impact (worst-case scenario).
Depending on the application, a corresponding conversion factor such as the density to convert volumetric use to mass must be taken into consideration.

The Declaration type is according to *EN 15804*: Cradle to gate with options, modules C1–C3, and module D (A1–A3, C, D) and additional modules (A4-A5).

Declared unit

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	kg
Gross density	1,000-1,500	kg/m^3

3.2 System boundary
Modules A1, A2 and A3 are taken into consideration in the LCA:
- A1 Production of preliminary products
- A2 Transport to the plant
- A3 Production incl. provision of energy, production of packaging as well as auxiliaries and consumables and waste treatment
- A4 Transport to site
- A5 Installation, product applied into the building during A5 phase operations and packaging disposal.

The end of life for the packaging material considered is described below:
-Incineration, for materials like plastic and wood.
-C1-C2-C3-D
The building deconstruction (demolition process) takes place in the C1 module which considers energy production and consumption in terms of diesel and all the emissions connected with the fuel-burning process to run the machines. After the demolition, the product is transported to the end-of-life processing (C2 module) where all the impacts related to the transport processes are considered. For precautionary principle and as a worst-case scenario, thermal treatment is the only end of life scenario considered. This is modelled by the incineration process (module C3) where the product ends its life cycle.
Module D accounts for potential benefits that are beyond the defined system boundaries. Credits are generated during the incineration of wastes and related electricity produced that are occurring in the A5 module.

3.3 Estimates and assumptions
For this EPD formulation and production data defined and collected by FEICA were considered. Production waste was assumed to be disposed of by incineration without credits as a worst-case.
An average of plastic containers and wooden pallets was considered in the LCA.

3.4 Cut-off criteria
All raw materials submitted for the formulations and production data were taken into consideration.
The manufacture of machinery, plant and other infrastructure required for the production of the products under review was not taken into consideration in the LCA.
Transport of packaging materials is excluded.

3.5 Background data
Data from the *GaBi* database SP40 (2020) was used as background data.

3.6 Data quality

Representative products were applied for this EPD and the product in the group displaying the highest environmental impact was selected for calculating the LCA results. The background datasets used are less than 4 years old.
Production data and packaging are based on details provided by the manufacturer. The formulation used for evaluation refers to a specific product.
The data quality of the background data is considered to be good.

3.7 Period under review

Representative formulations are valid for 2021.

3.8 Allocation

Mass allocation has been applied when primary data have been used and implemented into the LCA model.

3.9 Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to *EN 15804* and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

The *GaBi* database SP40 (2020) was used.

4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

Characteristic product properties
Information on biogenic Carbon
The packaging material contains biogenic carbon content which is presented below.

Information on describing the biogenic Carbon Content at factory gate

Name	Value	Unit
Biogenic carbon content in product	-	kg C
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0.016	kg C

For the preparation of building life cycle assessments, it must be taken into account that in module A5 (installation in the building) the biogenic amount of CO_2 (0.016 kg C *3.67 = 0.059 kg CO_2-eq.) of the packaging bound in module A1-A3 is mathematically booked out.

Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Transport distance	1000	km
Gross weight	34 - 40	t
Payload capacity	27	t

Installation into the building (A5)

Name	Value	Unit
Other resources for packaging material	0.067	kg
Material loss	0.01	kg

Material loss regards the amount of product not used during the application phase into the building. This amount is 1% of the product, impacts related to the production of this part are charged to the A5 module. This percentage is considered as waste to disposal and impacts of its end of life have been considered in the LCA model and declared in A5.

End of life (C1-C3)

Name	Value	Unit
Collected as mixed construction waste	1	kg
Incineration	1	kg

5. LCA: Results

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; ND = MODULE OR INDICATOR NOT DECLARED; MNR = MODULE NOT RELEVANT)

PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE							END OF LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	ND	ND	MNR	MNR	MNR	ND	ND	X	X	X	ND	X

RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A2: 1 kg of dispersion-based product, group 1

Core Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	D
GWP-total	[kg CO_2-Eq.]	1.32E+0	5.11E-2	1.73E-1	2.79E-4	1.24E-2	9.45E-1	-3.98E-1
GWP-fossil	[kg CO_2-Eq.]	1.36E+0	5.06E-2	8.81E-2	2.66E-4	1.18E-2	4.29E-1	-3.97E-1
GWP-biogenic	[kg CO_2-Eq.]	-5.05E-2	1.48E-4	8.53E-2	1.24E-5	5.42E-4	5.15E-1	-8.96E-4
GWP-luluc	[kg CO_2-Eq.]	4.52E-4	4.10E-4	6.04E-6	6.39E-9	2.79E-7	3.50E-5	-2.51E-4
ODP	[kg CFC11-Eq.]	3.00E-14	6.08E-18	3.18E-16	2.84E-20	1.24E-18	3.02E-16	-3.72E-15
AP	[mol H^+-Eq.]	4.90E-3	1.52E-4	7.29E-5	3.60E-6	3.73E-5	5.25E-4	-5.26E-4
EP-freshwater	[kg P-Eq.]	2.65E-5	1.54E-7	2.68E-7	5.75E-11	2.51E-9	1.04E-7	-4.62E-7
EP-marine	[kg N-Eq.]	1.03E-3	6.75E-5	1.75E-5	1.63E-6	1.72E-5	2.01E-4	-1.39E-4
EP-terrestrial	[mol N-Eq.]	1.24E-2	7.56E-4	2.36E-4	1.79E-5	1.89E-4	2.52E-3	-1.49E-3
POCP	[kg NMVOC-Eq.]	3.63E-3	1.33E-4	5.62E-5	4.91E-6	3.39E-5	5.22E-4	-4.02E-4
ADPE	[kg Sb-Eq.]	6.50E-7	3.63E-9	6.77E-9	8.06E-12	3.52E-10	4.62E-9	-6.06E-8
ADPF	[MJ]	3.30E+1	6.73E-1	3.61E-1	3.81E-3	1.66E-1	5.52E-1	-6.70E+0
WDP	[m^3 world-Eq deprived]	4.60E-1	4.52E-4	2.10E-2	5.27E-7	2.30E-5	1.57E-1	-3.70E-2

Caption	GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential

RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A2: 1 kg of dispersion-based product, group 1

Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	D
PERE	[MJ]	4.66E+0	3.79E-2	6.43E-1	1.20E-5	5.25E-4	9.36E-2	-1.32E+0
PERM	[MJ]	5.85E-1	0.00E+0	-5.85E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
PERT	[MJ]	5.25E+0	3.79E-2	5.83E-2	1.20E-5	5.25E-4	9.36E-2	-1.32E+0
PENRE	[MJ]	1.78E+1	6.74E-1	1.31E+0	3.81E-3	1.67E-1	1.49E+1	-6.70E+0
PENRM	[MJ]	1.53E+1	0.00E+0	-9.53E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	-1.43E+1	0.00E+0
PENRT	[MJ]	3.30E+1	6.74E-1	3.62E-1	3.81E-3	1.67E-1	5.52E-1	-6.70E+0
SM	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
RSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
NRSF	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
FW	[m^3]	1.19E-2	4.38E-5	5.03E-4	2.16E-8	9.41E-7	3.70E-3	-1.53E-3

Caption	PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

RESULTS OF THE LCA – WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A2: 1 kg of dispersion-based product, group 1

Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	D
HWD	[kg]	8.74E-9	3.14E-8	1.23E-10	3.70E-13	1.62E-11	1.77E-9	-2.66E-9
NHWD	[kg]	1.30E-2	1.03E-4	2.35E-3	3.90E-7	1.70E-5	1.36E-1	-2.94E-3
RWD	[kg]	6.56E-4	8.34E-7	8.31E-6	4.09E-9	1.79E-7	2.51E-5	-4.51E-4
CRU	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MFR	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
MER	[kg]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EEE	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	2.77E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0
EET	[MJ]	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	5.01E-1	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0	0.00E+0

Caption	HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

RESULTS OF THE LCA – additional impact categories according to EN 15804+A2-optional: 1 kg of dispersion-based product, group 1

Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	C1	C2	C3	D
PM	[Disease Incidence]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
IRP	[kBq U235-Eq.]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
ETP-fw	[CTUe]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
HTP-c	[CTUh]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
HTP-nc	[CTUh]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
SQP	[-]	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

Caption	PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions; IR = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (cancerogenic); HTP-nc = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (not cancerogenic); SQP = Potential soil quality index

Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235, Disclaimer 1 – This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, radon and (from) some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

ADP minerals & metals, ADP fossil, WDP, ETF-fw, HTP-c, HTP-nc, SQP, Disclaimer 2 – The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

Additional environmental impact indicators (suggested by *EN15804*, table 4) are not declared in the EPD. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high and as there is limited experience with the indicator (see ILCD classification in *EN 15804*, table 5). For this reason, results based on these indicators are not considered suitable for a decision-making process and are thus not declared in the EPD.

6. LCA: Interpretation

The majority of impacts are associated with the production phase (A1-A3). The most significant contribution to the production phase impacts is the upstream production of raw materials as the main driver. Another contributor in the production phase, in the category of Photochemical ozone formation (POCP), is the plastic used as a packaging material. Emissions associated with the manufacturing of products also have some influence on Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) in the production phase. In all EPDs, CO_2 is the most important contributor to Global Warming Potential (GWP). For the Acidification Potential (AP), NOx and SO_2 contribute the largest share.
The majority of life cycle energy consumption takes place during the production phase (A1-A3). Significant contributions to Primary Energy Demand – Non-renewable (PENRT) come from the energy resources used in the production of raw materials. The largest contributor to Primary Energy Demand – Renewable (PERT) impacts comes from the consumption of renewable energy resources required for the generation and supply of electricity. It should be noted that Primary Energy Demand – Renewable (PERT) generally represents a small percentage of the production phase primary energy demand with the bulk of the demand coming from non-renewable energy resources.
Transportation to the construction site (A4) and the installation process (A5) make a low contribution to all impacts. Climate change from land-use change is the only indicator influenced by transport processes, due to the diesel production used as fuel because part of this diesel has been produced from bio-based raw materials.
The installation phase influence mainly climate change indicators, due to the impact related to the incineration processes used for packaging waste treatment and residual product treatment (1 % of the total mass).
The end-of-life phases influence climate change indicators, due to the thermal treatment process of the dispersion-based product occurring in the C3 module.

7. Requisite evidence

VOC
Special tests and evidence have not been carried out or provided within the framework of drawing up this Model EPD. Some member states require special documentation on VOC emissions into indoor air for specific areas of application. This documentation, as well as documentation for voluntary VOC labelling, has to be provided separately and is specific for the product in question.

Evidence pertaining to VOC emissions shall show
- either an attestation of compliance with,
- or documentation of test data that are required in any of the existing regulations or in any of the existing voluntary labelling programs for low-emitting products, as far as these

(1) include limits for the parameters TVOC, TSVOC, carcinogens, formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, LCI limits for individual substances (including but not limited to the European list of harmonized LCIs), and the R-value;
(2) base their test methods on *EN 16516*;
(3) perform testing and apply the limits after 28 days of storage in a ventilated test chamber, under the conditions specified in *EN 16516*; some regulations and programs also have limits after 3 days, on top of the 28 days limits;

(4) express the test results as air concentrations in the European Reference Room, as specified in *EN 16516*.

Examples of such regulations are the *Belgian Royal Decree C-2014/24239*, or the *German AgBB/* ABG. Examples of such voluntary labelling programs are *EMICODE*, *Blue Angel* or *Indoor Air Comfort*.

Relevant test results shall be produced either by an *ISO 17025* accredited commercial test lab or by a qualified internal test lab of the manufacturer.
Examples for the applied limits after 28 days of storage in a ventilated test chamber are:

- TVOC: 1000 µg/m³
- TSVOC: 100 µg/m³
- Each carcinogen: 1 µg/m³
- Formaldehyde: 100 µg/m³
- LCI: different per substance involved
- R-value: 1 (meaning that, in total, 100 % of the combined LCI values must not be exceeded).

Informative Annexes (2 tables):
Table 1 shown below is an overview of the most relevant regulations and specifications as of October 2021, as regards requirements after 3 days of storage in a ventilated test chamber.
Table 2 provides an overview of the most relevant regulations and specifications as of October 2021, as regards requirements after 28 days of storage in a ventilated test chamber. Some details may be missing in the table due to lack of space. Values given represent maximum values/limits.

	TVOC µg/m³	Sum of carcinogens. C1A,CA2 µg/m³	Formaldehyde µg/m³	Acetaldehyde µg/m³	Sum of Form- and Acetaldehyde
German AgBB/ABG regulation	10 000	10	-/-	-/-	-/-
Belgian regulation	10 000	10	-/-	-/-	-/-
EMICODE EC1	1 000	10	50	50	50 ppb
EMICODE EC1 *PLUS*	750	10	50	50	50 ppb

	TVOC µg/m³	TSVOC µg/m³	Each carcinogen C1A,CA2 µg/m³	Formalde-hyde µg/m³	Acetalde-hyde µg/m³	LCI	R value	Specials	Sum of non-LCI & non-identified µg/m³
Belgian regulation	1000	100	1	100	200	Belgian list	1	Toluene 300 µg/m³	-/-
French regulations class A+	1000	-/-	-/-	10	200	-/-	-/-	List of 8 VOCs, 4 CMR	-/-
French regulations class A	1500	-/-	-/-	60	300	-/-	-/-	List of 8 VOCs, 4 CMR	-/-
French regulations class B	2000	-/-	-/-	120	400	-/-	-/-	List of 8 VOCs, 4 CMR	-/-
French regulations class C	>2000	-/-	-/-	>120	>400	-/-	-/-	List of 8 VOCs, 4 CMR	-/-
German DIBt/AgBB regulation	1000	100	1	100	300	German AgBB list	1	-/-	100
EMICODE EC1	100	50	1	(after 3 days)	(after 3 days)	-/-	-/-	-/-	-/-
EMICODE EC1 *PLUS*	60	40	1	(after 3 days)	(after 3 days)	German AgBB list	1	-/-	40
Finnish M1, sealants	20	-/-	1	10	300	EU LCI list	-/-	Ammonia, odour	-/-
Finnish M1, adhesives	200 µg/m²h	-/-	5 µg/m²h	50 µg/m²h	300	EU LCI list	-/-	Ammonia, odour	-/-

8. References

EN 1062-3
EN 1062-3:2008-04, Paints and varnishes - Coating materials and coating systems for exterior masonry and concrete - Part 3: Determination of liquid water permeability

EN 1062-6
EN 1062-6:2002-10, Paints and varnishes - Coating materials and coating systems for exterior masonry

and concrete - Part 6: Determination of carbon dioxide permeability

EN 1504-2
EN 1504-2:2004-10, Products and systems for the protection and repair of concrete structures - Definitions, requirements, quality control and evaluation of conformity - Part 2: Surface protection systems for concrete

EN 1542
EN 1542:1999-07, Products and systems for the protection and repair of concrete structures - Test methods - Measurement of bond strength by pull-off

EN ISO 7783-1/-2
EN ISO 7783-1/-2:2019-02, Paints and varnishes - Determination of water-vapour transmission properties - Cup method

EN 12004
EN12004:2012, Adhesives for ceramic tiles

EN 12004-2
EN 12004-2:2017, Adhesives for ceramic tiles - Part 2: Test methods

ISO 14025
DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

EN 15804
EN 15804:2019+A2+AC, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products.

EN 16516
EN 16516:2017
Construction products - Assessment of release of dangerous substances - Determination of emissions into indoor air

EN ISO 17025
EN ISO 17025: 2018-03
General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories

EN ISO 17178
EN ISO 17178:2020, Adhesives - Adhesives for bonding parquet to subfloor - Test methods and minimum requirements

EN ISO 22636
EN ISO 22636:2020, Adhesives - Adhesives for floor coverings - Requirements for mechanical and electrical performance

EAD 030352-00-0503
EAD 030352-00-0503:2019-01, Watertight covering kits for wet room floors and or walls Part 1: Liquid Applied Coverings with or without wearing surface Part 2: Kits based on flexible sheets Part 3: Kits based on inherently watertight boards

(EU) No 528/2012
Biocidal Products Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products (current consolidated version: 2021-06)

2000/532/EC
Commission decision dated 3 May 2000 replacing decision 94/3/EC on a waste directory in accordance with Article 1 a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste and Council decision 94/904/EC on a directory of hazardous waste in terms of Article 1, paragraph 4 of Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste

Belgian Royal Decree C-2014/24239
Belgisch Staatsblad 8 MEI 2014, p. 60603. — Koninklijk besluit tot vaststelling van de drempelniveaus voor de emissies naar het binnenmilieu van bouwproducten voor bepaalde geoogde gebruiken

Blue Angel
Environmental label organised by the federal government of Germany www.blauer-engel.de

Candidate list
Candidate List of substances of very high concern for Authorisation, published in accordance with Article 59(10) of the REACH Regulation, ECHA, www.echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

CPR
CPR Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC

Decopaint Directive
Directive 2004/42/CE of the European Parliament and the council of 21 April 2004 on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain paints and varnishes and vehicle refinishing products and amending Directive 1999/13/EC

EMICODE
EMICODE, GEV – Gemeinschaft Emissionskontrollierte Verlegewerkstoffe, Klebstoffe und Bauprodukte e. V. (pub.).www.emicode.de

GaBi 10 software & documentation
Data base for Life Cycle Engineering LBP, University of Stuttgart and Sphera, documentation of GaBi 10 data sets http://documentation.gabi-software.com/, 2020

German AgBB
Committee for Health-related Evaluation of Building Products: health-related evaluation of emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC and SVOC) from building products; status: June 2012 www.umweltbundesamt.de/produkte/bauprodukte/agbb.htm

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www.ibu-epd.com

Indoor Air Comfort
Product certification by Eurofins, Hamburg, Germany www.eurofins.com .

PCR Part A
Product Category Rules for Building-Related Products and Services, Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project report, Version 1.1, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., 2021-01

PCR Part B
Product Category Rules for Construction Products. Part B: Dispersion adhesives and primers for floor coverings, Version 1.7, 2019.

REACH
Directive (EG) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council dated 18 December 2006 on the registration, evaluation, approval and restriction of chemical substances (REACH), for establishing a European Agency for chemical substances, for amending Directive 1999/45/EC and for annulment of Directive (EEC) No. 793/93 of the Council, Directive (EC) No. 1488/94 of the Commission, Guideline 76/769/EEC of the Council and Guidelines 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC of the Commission.

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